

## Stories Eminently Worth Telling of Experiences and Adventures in the Great National Struggle.

MISSIONARY RIDGE,

the henor of being the first to stand on the summit of Missionary Ridge, but f it is not too late, I claim the honor for Co. I, 30th Ohio. Now, for the proof. The 30th Ohio belonged to the second Brigade. Second Division, Fifteenth Corps. As all old soldiers know, this corps, which had just arrived from yicksburg, was hidden behind the hills on the north side of the Tennessee River on the evening of Nov. 23, 1863. About 19 o'clock, or possibly later, an order came to me to charge the rebellines. I had been so absorbed in watching them that I had not observed what was going on behind me, and supposed that the order was to us alone, and exclaimed, "Thunder! Do they expect me to take those works with my 40 men?" But orders were orders, and we started, and then the infernal regions seemed contoon boats, which had been hidden to break loose. Shell, grape, canister

deep. The point that we were threat-A Vivid Story of the Opening of the ceeded in carrying these works Bragg's Battle on the North End. Editor National Tribune: So far as I how it is still uncertain to what troops if the Army of the Cumberland belongs he honor of being the first to stand on the summit of Missionary Edge, but the Army of the Cumberland to carry the ridge in their splendid charge in the afternoon.

contoon boats, which had been hidden to break loose. Shell, grape, canister in North Chickamauga Creek, and and bullets seemed to fill the air. For named by a number of our First Bri- tunately they all went over our heads,



being and throwing up intrenchments to protect the landing. At daylight 1 was ordered out on the skirmish line with my company. We advanced slowly and opening fire. The 40th III, and 37th to give time for the bridge to be built and the remainder of the troops to all lines, and we could see but a short distance, thought moved my men by the left fishing miles away "above the landing. Was reached the Atlana RailTo give time for the bridge. The day was foggy and drizzly, and we could see but a short distance, thought moved my men by the left fish out of the fifty. The day was foggy and drizzly, and we could see but a short distance, the all of the fire, and formed on the left of the clouds." Near sundown, possibly about 3 p. m., we reached the Atlana RailTo give time for the bridge. Here we haited to correct our lines, and a few minutes later to prove the landing. At daylight 1 and 37th to give time for the bridge. The doth in the troops to fire regiments named to give time for the bridge to be built and then the line began to break up to give time for the bridge. The doth of the regiments named to give time for the bridge to be built and then the line began to break up to give time for the bridge to be built and then the line began to break up to give time for the bridge to be built and then the line began to break up to give time for the bridge to be built and then the line began to break up to give time for the bridge to be built and then the line began to break the short of the regiments named to give fore the regiments named to give fore the regiments named to the troops to the regiments named to give fore the regiments named to give fore the regiments named to the troops to the regiments named to the the thick of the regiments named to the the thought to give fore the same finding to the regiments named to the the same proposition at the first the Third Brigade (Steve the other direction. A few shots were exchanged, and they then fell back and we took possession. The troops moved we took possession. The troops moved up and we worked all night, part of the time by the feeble light of the eclipsed moon, throwing up earthworks, which were occupied by Wood's Battery.

The Morning of Nov. 25.

This is the first ground of our claim, them later in the day.

Now, if any one can show that I am for we found no other Union troops on the summit when we reached it. But this was not all. When the morning of the 25th dawned we found that the hill we had taken was not the main ridge, but a large isolated knob, sepa-rated from the main ridge by a deep and narrow ravine thru which ran a wagon track. Soon after daylight Gen. Sherman came up on the knob, and a few minutes later an order came to me and Capt. Warner, of Co. E. to take our companies and carry the point of the main ridge, where the rebels had a line of rifle pits. The men were still digging when the order came, and they threw down their shovels, picked up their guns, formed their line and many their guns, formed their line and many their guns. ed. It was the understanding that they were to advance firing, then halt behind trees, load and advance again; but once started this was forgotten, and they went on a dead run down one side of the ravine, across the valley and up the other side, driving before them or capturing a few skirmishers in the valley, and in less than five minutes they had driven the rebels out of their rifle pits with the bayonet. One man was killed and one wounded on the charge. A Johnny raised his gun to shoot Capt. Warner, who yelled out, "Who the are you shooting at?" Either the fellow was a raw recruit or the Captam's voice had a peculiarly persuasive induence over him, for he immediately dropped his gun and surrendered. Here we rest our claim that we were the first to set foot on the main ridge, the Co. I must share this honor with Co. E, as it was impossible to tell which reached turing a few skirmishers in the valley, and in less than five minutes they had to set foot on the main ridge, the Co.

I must share this honor with Co. E. as it was impossible to tell which reached the summit first. Neither company ever received any credit for it, as you know that in reports of battles it is only the Brigadier-Generals and Colonels that Brigadier-Generals and Colonels that it costs nothing in any case where we

## Gaining the Ridge.

I now moved my company forward in skirmishing order about 20 rods, and lay down to await further orders. The ridge was very narrow at the point, but widened rapidly and rose with consid-erable rapidly toward the south. The timber was thin and scattering, so that we could plainly see the entertainment which our friends, the enemy, were pre-paring for us. About 40 rods or less from where we lay they had thrown up a line of log breastworks clear across the ridge, and behind it lay part of Gen. Pat Cleburne's Texas and Arkansas troops, as stubborn fighters as the rebel army contained, and we could count the muzzles of 12 pieces of artillery. While we lay there we could see regiment after regiment coming down the slope at double-quick and forming behind the works, until they were packed six lines

"WE COULD COUNT THE MUZZLES OF 12 PIECES OF ARTILLERY." gade, who floated down the river, landed and captured all but one of the rebel when bullets began to whistle past our pickets. We immediately commenced ears from behind. Looking around to rect our lines, and a few minutes later I saw a column of troops approaching, which halted, and the commanding officer. Lieut.-Col. Von Blessingh, of the Celut.-Col. Von Blessingh, of the Alleut.-Col. Von Blessingh, of the State of the Month of the Celut.-Col. Von Blessingh, of the Celut.-Col. Von Blessingh, of the Lieut.-Col. Von Blessingh, of the Celut.-Col. Von Blessingh, of had been ordered to carry the ridge, the point, we were the last to reach it, and asked if I would go ahead with and, disliking the idea of giving up all my company as skirmishers. We had the ground we had gained, I halted my not seen any rebels, and therefore felt company at the rifle pits and we lay very brave, and I replied that I thought down. A number of men from different we could. I gave the order, and up we regiments stayed with us, and soon went on the run. We reached the sum enough came back from below to premit just in time to meet a rebel line of sent a front which the enemy did not skirmishers, who were advancing from attempt to disturb. The regiments engaged in this charge lost about one-fourth of their men. No more attacks were made by our division, but the Fourth Division (Ewing's) made a desperate assault on our right, which was repulsed as severely as our own. We did not succeed is breaking the ene-my's lines, but we held fast so many of them that Thomas was enabled to break

wrong in my claim, I should be glad to hear from him.—E. W. Muenscher, Cap-tain, Co. I, 30th Ohio, Manistee, Mich.

Widows' Pensions.

Octavus Townsend and his wife, Met-amora, Mich., support bills Nos. 24,631 and 7,960 for the benefit of veterans widows' pension bills.

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matter what form of stomach trouble you have
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any manor woman. I will do just exactly as I say I
will do. No charge whatever for this powerful
stomach draft. Wear it; eat and enjoy your meals a
without pain or distress. If you are really a
sufferer just send 10 cts. to pay packing and
mailing expenses, and one of my \$1.00 Peptopads
(Stomach Drafts) will be sent to you free. Write
Dr. G. C. YOUNG, 401 National Bank Bidg.
Jackson, Mich. I want you to write for one of my powerful 600 Peptopads for the cure of all stomach ills

### STEVENSON'S BRIGADE.

Its Part in the Assault on Vicksburg Editor National Tribune: As a friend of the old soldiers, who are fighting their battles in season and out of season, in the halls of Congress as well as in private life, recording the history of our past struggle for the preservation of the Union, and in view of the very the content account of the siege of Vicks-burg, in McElroy's "Opening of the Mississippi" in which you paid a just Mississippi," in which you paid a just tribute to and gave the Third Brigade (Stevenson's), Third Division (Logan's), Seventeenth Corps, proper credit for the assault made on the rebel works just to the south of Jackson Road, im-mediately south of the location of the mediately south of the location of the Illinois Temple of Fame, our Third Brigade having passed over the spot where, under two large liveoak trees, Grant and Pemberton met to arrange the terms of surrender of Vicksburg, and where was located the Surrender Monument I cannot imagine why you Monument, I cannot imagine why you should make the mistake you did in should make the mistake you did in the issue of your valuable paper of Jan. 7, page 7, under the heading, "The Sev-enteenth Corps," where, in answer to inquiry of Drury Hall, Mokane, Mo., "The Third Brigade, Third Division

"At 10 a. m. we advanced on the charge. The carnons and mortars serve under Gen. Shields. In order to shelled the forts and city. The 81st III. and 7th Mo, were badly cut up, for we advanced near to the forts, and the artillery ceased firing. We had covery artillery ceased firing. We had orders not to fire until within their works. The enemy poured a shower of lead upon us from front and flanks. We retreated, leaving Col. Dollins and many others dead on the field. The 81st Ill. lost 96 wounded and 11 killed, including, besides Col. Dollins, Lleut. Warnock and Lieut. Farmer. Adj't Zebedee Ham-mock was mortally wounded; so was Capt. Ward, of Cô. D. The whole army had to draw back, for many were killed

all along the line. "During the hottest part of the fray, when bullets were singing around, John Foster, of Co. B, was resting his gun on a log, taking sight, intending to shoot. When Capt. Hightower saw what he was doing he said: 'Don't shoot, John; it is against orders.' John begged: Oh, Captain, do let me shoot. Why just look at them standing up in full view; I could hit 'em so easily.' But the Captain said 'No,' and the Major said: 'Don't shoot, John.' Then John was mad, and swore and stamped and cried until the boys leughed at his in cried until the boys laughed at his impotent rage.

Will you kindly correct your state-ment made in issue of the 7th inst., in justice to the brave souls, Col. J. J. Dollins and his officers and men, who ost their lives on that fateful day?-J. J. Fitzgerrell, Adjutant, 81st Ill., Apartardo (P. O. Box) 1368, City of Mexico, Mexico.

Those French Uniforms.

Editor National Tribune: To settle

But the French Zouave uniform never won popularity, nor was it calculated to add to the beauty of a soldier, and the well-carned and rightcously-bestowed prize of the noble and generous-hearted Prince was relegated to the shades of a Washington City storage house. But it was with pride we learned then that we had a reputation for splendid discipline and marching as well as when, afterwards, we had dearly and at great cost carned a served tribute in the Parkersburg page.

land dearly and at great cost earned a reputation for gallantry and heroism."

So far as the beauty and, etc., of that uniform was concerned the Professor (the boys affectionately dubbed comrade Snyder "Professor" because of his scholarly attainments and the fact that he religiously ly kept a diary of each day's doing during the entire three years of their service) is correct on one point only, and that is as to the coat, jacket, or whatever name you choose to give the thing, and that thing certainly was an abomimation. When encased within its folds the wearer was in a straitjacket for sure. No modern device could possibly improve on it. This I know, because I had one. The rest of the parkersburg parks have the Parkersburg parks have the Parkersburg parks and that the Burcau of the highest class and a man of burning loyalty, but he was true to every relation of life and agenial, delightful companion and friend. For many years before his death he had occupied a very responsible position in the Burcau of Printing and Engraving.

Free Deafness Cure.

A remarkable offer by one of the landing the uniform was comfortable and all right. Only a little heavy—too heavy, in fact, for the kind of work our boys had to do.—Geo. R. Snyder, Stays, Kan.

GEN. JAMES SHIELDS.

His Brief Career in Command of Lander's Division.

Editor National Tribune: 16 your article on Abraham Lincolo, in the issue of Feb. 18, you have wedged in a few excellent remarks concerning James Shields as a Brigadier-General succeed-ing Gen. Lander, a striking one being: ing Gen. Lander, a stricting one being:
"Tho Shields had never seen a day's
service, and knew nothing of military
organizations, he was commissioned a
Brigadier-General," etc. h It is true that
in the battle of Cerro Gordo. he rushed
to the front and received a Mexican
bullet thru his chest," he you say; but
I will stop here and tell what I know
about James Shields during the civil
war.

In the first part of January, 1862, the 67th Ohio left Columbus, O., for West Virginia, and about 30 hours later land-Virginia, and about 30 hours later landed at New Creek, where we joined Gen. Lander's Division, and a week after this went to Pawpaw Tunnel, where Gen. Lander had established his head-quarters. Upon Gen. Lander's death James Shields became our commander and a Brigadier-General.

March 22, 1862, at about 4:30 p. m., Gen. Jackson's advance drove in our pickets at Kernstown. The long roll sounded, and our forces went thru Win-chester, meeting the Confederates half way between that place and Kernstown. Gen. Shields rushed to the very front, and was the first man wounded by a piece of shell, which broke his left arm. This laid him out, and the command

close up to each other, and work began in earnest, which lasted until nearly 5 o'clock, when the right of our line over-came the left of the Confederates, and the engagement terminated in a com-plete defeat for Jackson's army.

From early morning, while Col. Kim-ball was watching and manuvering his forces to check Jackson's. Gen. James Shields kept sending staff officers and Orderlies with orders to Col. Kimball, to which the latter paid no attention. One order, sent about noon, was as fol-

"Mass your forces at Kernstown in

the valley between us and Winchester and our camp, and our only salvation would have been to find a way to Harper's Ferry, leaving camp equipment, transportation and our personal belongings in the hands of the enemy.

Two months later we were at the Rappahannock Dimerisary down into the distribution and the official reports support this.

"The Third Brigade, Third Division, Seventeenth Corps, was commanded by Col. John D. Stevenson, and consisted of the 8th and 81st Ill., 7th Mo. and 32d Ohio. May 22, 1863, it had come up and taken its place in the lines around Vicksburg, had 100 rounds of ammunition issued to each man, and seventeenth of the Stevenson around Vicksburg, had 100 rounds of ammunition issued to each man, and seventeenth Corps, was commanded by the way of Port Royal, up the Luray (later General) J. Warren I variety of the Stevenson our way out, at Stevenson the Third and Fourth Brigades were to low with the Second seventeenth Corps, was commanded by the way of Port Royal, up the Luray (later General) J. Warren I variety of the Stevenson our way out, at Stevenson the Third and Fourth Brigades were the New York Pension to the New York Pension to the Stevenson the New York Pension to the New York Pension t

ammunition issued to each man, and received orders to join with the Second Brigade in a charge upon the works. Later these orders were countermanded, and the brigade marched about two miles to the left and reported to Gen. Osterhaus, and bivouacked in a ravine on the west side of the road."

That the Third Brigade (Stevenson's) was composed of the regiments named is all right, as is also the issuing of 100 rounds of ammunition, but no further. The Third Brigade took its position at from a member of the 7th Ohio that

went to sacciental and the Third and Fourth to Gen. Pope. Thus we got rid of an incompetent, political Brigadier-General.—Chas. P. Schaefer, 57th Ohio, 2235 Vermont avenue, Toledo, O.

Sherman's Railroads.

Editor National Tribune: I have just ead the second chapter of your history of the Atlanta campaign, which so far measures up well with the excellence of your other histories which have pre-ceded it; but I notice you say Sherman had but one line of railroad on which to bring his supplies from Nashville to Chattanooga, ignoring that portion of the s'emphis & Charleston Railroad between Bridgeport, Ala., and Decatur, where it connected with a north and outh line to Nashville, making practically two roads between the two full except that portion between Bridgeport But and Chattanooga. It was the custom Major at that time for the loaded trains from Nashville to be run on the direct line via Murfreesboro and to run the trains of cars, which were mostly empty, back from Chattanooga to Nashville on the longer line via Decatur. I know what I am talking about, as I was a high private in the 6th Wis. Battery, which belonged to John E. Smith's Third Division of the Fifteenth Corps, and was stationed during that Winter and the Spring of 1864 at Huntsville, Memphis & Charleston Railroad, and our camp was located only a few rods from the track.—E. J. Orr, Nodaway, Iowa.

the question as to who got the French uniforms, I will quote from the historical address of the 62d Pa., delivered by Comrade H. H. Snyder, Co. M of that regiment, Gettysburg, ou the occasion of the dedication of the monument to the 62d in the Wheatfield, Sept. 11, 1889:

"The record of this regiment is not only one of gallantry, but it enjoyed an enviable place on account of its fine discipline one of galantry, but it enjoyed an envia-ble place on account of its fine discipline and excellent drill. This was evidenced from the fact that in the severest test which could be made, after the great re-view of the Army of the Potomac at Bai-ley's Crossroads, near Alexandria, Va., in the Fall of 1861, it was one of the three distinguished regiments to receive the reits and the system that what is needed is what distinguished regiments to receive the prize will sustain the system, give vigor and offered by the Prince de Joinville, the tone to the nerves, and keep the diges-22d Mass, and 83d Pa, being the others, tive and assimilative functions healthy

had dearly and at great cost earned a served tribute in the Parker reputation for gallantry and heroism."

A remarkable offer by one of the leading ear specialists in this country, who will send two months' medicine free to prove his ability to cure Deafness, Head Noises and Catarrh. Address Dr. G. M. Branaman, 111 East 12th Street, Kansas City, Mo.

FREE TO ALL HEART SUFFERERS

I want humanity to have the benefit of my discovery. It is my ambition to place my Heart Tablets in the hands of every sufferer. My confidence is so great — I know so well just what they will do—that I will send a course of treatment, sufficient for a good, just what they will do—that I will send a course of treatment, sufficient for a good, it is not suffered to any sufferer, anywhere. The fair, honest test, by mail, postpaid, absolutely free, to any sufferer, anywhere. The Tablets are not a secret or patent medicine, and I will freely tell you just what is in them. No case should be pronounced incurable before they are used. THOUSANDS HAVE HEART DISEASE AND DO NOT KNOW IT Through ignorance of the symptoms they are being hurried on to almost certain death. While they doctor the stomach, lungs, kidneys, or nerves, the true cause of their trouble—heart disease—obtains a most deadly grasp on the system. The symptoms are easy to find if you only look for them. If you have any one—even only one—take steps to-day to protect yourself from sudden death. Delay may mean death.

Read them slowly and carefully, applying each one to your case

Are you troubled with dizziness, fainting Do you suddenly start in your sleep or have Do you have hungry or weak spells?

WHAT OTHERS SAY There is no part of the country om which remarkable cures have not been made—cases pronounced in-curable and where all hope had been abandoned. A list of over 1,000 recent testimonials and endorsements every one guaranteed genuine — will be sent with the free treatment

You may find among them the name of some friend or neighbor, and thus personally verify my statements.

SYMPTOMS-NATURE'S DANGER WARNINGS Does your heart pain you, flutter, or skip beats?

Do you have shortness of breath upon going by the chief or choking sensation in your throat?

Are your feet or hands cold? Do you have dropsy or swelling of the feet c ankles (one of the surest signs)? Are you subject to neuralgia around the Is it hard at times for you to breathe?
Is it painful to lie on your left side?

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Dr. F. G. Kinsman, Box 976 Augusta, Maine,
Please send me by mail, postpaid, obsolutely free of
charge, a course of your celebrated Heart Treatment.

NAME ADDRESS

From Alert Comrades Along the Whole ine.

says that the battle of Pickett's Mill was the bloodiest little fight of any division on the campaign. Ward's single divi-sion in this fight lost 1,400 men, more than either Davis's or Newton's Divi-sions lost in the celebrated charge on Kenesaw. No single division suffered as great loss in the battle before At-lanta July 22 as Ward's Division at This order, if obeyed, would have resulted in a more disastrous defeat of our forces than Bull Run. Jackson would have moved his army down into the valley between us and Winchester last the same as the transfer of the same as the same

Two months later we were at the Rappahannock River, below Fredericks-burg, having left the Shenandoah Valley in the hands of Gen. Banks. Jackson made his mad raid down the Valley, and drove Banks back across the Ponch of the battle of Winchester, by Compade Valentine, of the 12th Pa. and drove Banks back across the Potomac.

In place of joining McClellan, McDowell's Corps was ordered to assist in the capture of Jackson.

Back toward the Shenandoah Valley by the way of Port Royal, up the Luray Valley to Columbia Bridge, where we were forced to come to a halt, the burning of the bridge preventing us our way out, at Stevenson Station, on from crossing and from getting on the

The New York Pension Bill.

York pension bill. He served from the beginning to the end of the war in the 7th N. Y. and 15th N. Y. H. A. He lived in New York City for over 20 years before moving to Jersey City. He

The Pennsylvania Pension Bill.

hela, Pa., says Comrade Bowman is wrong about the Pennsylvania pension bill. It is not a crime to pension some and not all Pennsylvania soldiers. The that it will not pension any man who enlisted after Jan. 9, 1865. Many a new standard different from that es-tablished by the United States, which pensions everybody up until the close of

A Colored Veteran. S. T. Moore, Tallula, Miss., writes us as to the case of Archibaid Brown, of Co. I, 64th U. S. C. T., who enlisted at Davis Bend, Miss., in 1863, and was mustered out at Vicksburg; but the War Department said he deserted, and did not serve until May 1, 1865. are that he came home, sick, with his papers in his pocket, but his wife, now an aged and poor widow, did not know anything about them, and washed them to pieces. He was so sick as to be unable to return to his regiment, which caused his name to be dropped as a deserter. His widow is 94 years old and utterly without means. She wishes that one would help her a little in this matter, and if Congress would give her a pension it would not be for long.

The 112th N. Y.

J. C. Rowland, Rice Lake, Wis., wants to add to the history published of his regiment that Lieut.-Col. Carpenter was killed at Walthall Junction, May 16, 1864. He was shot at the head of his regiment just as he got to the crossoads. He rode into the enemy, were making the turn on Baldy flank, and the regiment arrived just in time to prevent this movement. Car-penter fell at the first fire. He was a splendid officer, big, strong and ener-getic, and, tho rought of speech, had a kind heart. The regiment felt his death

Thomas Gatings, 62d Pa., says that it is a mistake in "Chancellorsville" to say that William Long and five line officers

# Classified Advertisements.

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WANTED—Railway Mall Clerks; salary \$500 to \$1000 Examinations everywhere May 18. Common educa-tion sufficient. Country residents eligible. Candidates prepared free. Write immediately for schedule. Franklin Institute, Dept. E. 62, Rochester, N. Y.

PERSONAL.

I F the owner of a complete set of Civil War Records wishes to sell same kindly confer with F. E. Knowies, care Raymond Grapite Co., '0th and Division Sta., San Francisco, Cal. TO EVERY COMRADE sending me 10 cts. cash, or stamps, I will mall one copy of "Echoes" from the tomb of the living dead. J. Wess Moore, 369 1st St., San Francisco, Cal.

CONSUMPTION BOOK FREE TO ALL-New 200-page, cloth-bound Medical Book on Consumption; Its Cause, Treatment and Cure. Malled free to all who write. YONKERMAN CO., 4004 Water St., Kalamazoo, Mich.

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COMRADES: Come to Kansas and men, come where you can get cheap land. For infor-mation write THEO. COURTNEY, Banner, Kan. CALIFORNIA Self-Supporting Homes for Veterans. Between Sacramento and Stockton. Choice land: Purest water; Perfect health; No extreme health; Cranges ripen in winter; Grapes pay \$100 per acre; 250 bens pay \$100 per acre; 250 bens pay \$400 yearly; No farming; Like town life. \$73, very enzy terms. B. Marks, Box 605, Galt, California.

MARRIAGE PAPER FREE; most reliable pub lished. Eastern Agency, 80, Bridgeport, Conn MARRY RICH—Big list of descriptions and photos Free (Sealed). Standard Cor. Club, Grays

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WOULD YOU MARRY IF SUITED?—Matrimon-ial paper containing hundreds of advertise-ments of marriageable people from all sections, rich, poor, young, old, Protestants, Catholica, mailed securely scaled free. G. F. Gunnels, Toledo, Ohio. White Slave Girls of Chicago, illustrated, 50c. Large list other sensational books sealed, for stamp M. H. Saddlemeyer, Dep't K, Newark Valley, N. Y.

BROTHER-Accidentally have discovered root that will cure both tobacco habit and indigestion. Gladly send particulars. B. Stokes, Mohawk, Florida.

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to Dr. Jno J. Ogie, Fort Wayne, Ind. P. O. Box 55 A.

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Made by their originators, C. I. Hood Co., propa. Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

RECEIPT THAT CURES MEN-FREE

Send Name and Address Today-You

Can Have It Free and Be Strong

and Vigorous.

is a mistake in "Chancellorsville" to say that William Long and five line officers of the 67th Pa. were killed in leading the regiment. A. G. Lawrie was the Major of the regiment, and was killed at Gettysburg. He was as brave a man as ever went into battle, and his death was a severe blow to the regiment. It is a shame to have another name substituted for his.

Guaranteeing Bank Deposits.

G. A. Wilson, Johnstown, Pa., is surprised at the attitude of The National Triburfe against guaranteeing bank deposits. He thinks that that would be a very just law, and one to inure to the benefit of the people, and his study of the banks in his city supports his view.

MEN ONLY-CACTUS CREAM CURES DE-billity, Bestores Vitality, Baulshes Weakness, Renews aprightliness and vigor. Cactus Cream's an outwardly applied silva. Has only to be gently rub-bed in to benefit. One application positively proves its value. Makes weak men strong and strong men stronger. This is the original and only Cactus Cream, and is sent to all parts of the world, \$1.00 a box. Fealed sample lot, sliver. "Your money back if it fails to benefit." B. P. PERIN PIRO, CO., Box 13, Station D, New York; Laboratory, Lyndrook, N. Y.

Centennial Songs.

C. V. Strickland & Son, Huntington, Ind., have published a leaflet of songs for Lincoln's centennial anniversary. The words are by Laura E. Newell and the music by Charles and C. V. Strickland. A small box sealed in a plain wrapper, De; large box, \$1. We guarantee to give satisfaction are noney back. DEAN & DEAN, Dept. H, 692 Third Ave., New York.

WHAT IS GOOD FOR USED-UP MEN?

If you are weak or nervous, write me at once for confidential advice of greatest value, which, if followd, will surely make you the MAN you ought to be. G. H. BOBERTZ, M. D.,

3 Bobertz Building. Detroit, Mich.

A MESSAGE TO MEN.

Manly Vigor given by Mexican Balm or no pay. Brings development, health and vitality. Quick results guaranteed or money refunded. Strong, but harmless. Large box \$1.00. Generous sample sealed, 10 cents. Wentworth Co., Dept. M, 118 Nassau Street, New York.

100 Ambition Pills FREE Send stamp. Clinic, 107 State St., Ruchester, N. Y.

ADDRESSES WANTED.

WANTED—Mathew Lynch, formerly private in Co. K. 4th U. S. Art, during the civil war; afterwards, in 1869-1870, in Co. C. 9th U. S. Inf., and stationed at Department Headquarters of the Platte, Omaha, Neb.: in 1871 Deputy County Clerk of Franklyn County, Neb. Last heard of in Omaha, Neb., in 1872. Information concerning him or his heirs desired by George S. Daniels, Attorney at Law, 25 Broad St., New York City.

WANTED—The addresses of comrades who remember Albert W. Baldwin, private of (Capt. T. B. Thatcher) Co. G. 17th Ohio; enrolled Feb. 22, 1863; discharged July 16, 1865, near Louisville, Ky. He was born at Waynesville, Ohio; enlisted at 18 years of age, 5 fect 6 inches high, light complexion, blue eyes, light hair. We want to find one of his old comrades who can testify as to his health while he was in the army and after. Address G. A. Paldwin, Haines, Alaska. WANTED—The wherenbouts of Blakey Windsor, who enlisted in Co. K, 33d New Jersey Vols., Aug. 8, 1863, and was mustered out July 17, 1865. He can hear something to his advantage by addressing Mr. J. B, Sheppard, Lock Box 27, Cardiff, Col.

WANTED.—Two witnesses who can testify of the death of the former wife of Boon McDanlet, of Co. G. 18th Ind. He died last March and his widow, who is lame and feeble, needs this information to enable her to secure a pension. The maiden name of the former wife was Sarah Vaughn. John Smith, Bog 112, Lamoni, Iows.

WANTED-Mrs. Josephine Rankin, Straughan, Ind., wants the address of any member of Co. G. 21st Ind. Vols, who re-members Charley Rankin.

WANTED—Mary A. Tomlins, Perkins, Okla., wishes the address of any one who knew her husband, John W. Tomlins, in 1865 or 1866, a soldier in Co. A. 46th Ill. Inf., or who knew him at any time. Just after the war he lived near Freeport, Ill.

CAN any comrade who was at the siege of Vicksburg give me any information about Frederic Newman, who served as blacksmith in a battery in the Union army. He was of German descent. Any information will be greatly appreciated. John Bean, Hon, Ark. WANTED—Any comrade who served on the U. S. gunboat Neipsic in the year of 1867, when she went out of commission, will great-ly aid an old comrade by writing to Wm. Gaylord, 11 Sailly Ave., care Arthur Bird, Plattsburg, N. Y.

WANTED—Does any comrade know of John Snyder, Co. E, 78th Pa. Vol. Inf.; last heard of in Kansas or Nebraska about 1874, He was in communication with Pension Burcau in 1884. Any comrade knowing the present whereabouts of this comrade please communicate with J. D. Murphy, St. Petersburg, Pa.

WANTED—Addresses of comrades of Co. D. 108th O. V. I., who knew Corp'l George Heid, of said company, now deceased. Please address his widow, Cynthan Heid, 1912 South Belmont Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—James Nelson wants the address of Charles Pursell, or any one who served in Co. I, 6th Iowa Cav. Address C. A. Howk, 3014 Clinton Avc., Cleveland, Ohio. WANTED—The address of William Alexan-

WANTED—The address of William Alexander Jackson, 37 years old, a resident of Marysville, Union Conuty, Ohio. He was a student at the State Normal University at Ada. Ohio. In 1885-6 was heard from at Findlay, Ohio. John A. Spencer, Route 4, Chagrin Falls, Ohio. WANTED—The address of Dr. Williams, of the 18th Pa. Cav., if living. Joseph B. Price, Company B, 18th Pa. Cav., Tryenville,

WANTED—The address of any comrade who knew Ansel J. Myers, who served as a recruit in the 61st N. Y. Vol. Inf., from September, 1864, to October, 1865. His widow, Mrs. Setena Myers, is desirous to hear from some one who knew her husband while serving in that organization. Soldier culisted at Elmira, N. Y. John H. Folks, 820½ Temples Y. Los Angeles Cal.

ple St., Los Angeles, Cal. WANTED—The name and address of mem-ber of Co. G, 27th Mich. Vol. Inf., especially those who knew John Anthony, of said com-pany and regiment. Address Jas. T. Crooks, 1158 Utah St., Toledo, Ohio.

WANTED—The addresses of officers and comrades of William Grant, Co. F. 20th Ind. Vols. Said Grant was severely wounded at the battle of Fredricksburg. John A. Moore, 1004 E. 15th St., Kansas City, Mo.

WANTED—Information of Barney Knee-house, who enlisted in the three years serv-ice, Cincinnati, O. He was a saddler by trade. Wm. J. Richardson, Box 93, West-port, Ind.

WANTED—Information concerning George M. and Willard Farr, last heard of when mustered out of Co. G. 42d O. V. I., at Co-lumbus, O., 1864. Address John R. Balley, 9901 Gaylord Ave., Cleveland, O. WANTED-If any comrade who knew one WANTED—If any comrade who knew one Walter Decher, who enlisted in 1865 in a New York regiment (number not known) and who is supposed to have fallen at Gettysburg, can give any information of him or his relatives, it would be thankfully received and he suitably reimbursed for his trouble by addressing F. L. Rail. Battery D. 3d N. Y. (subsequently the 15th Art.), 478 15th Ave., Newark, N. J.

WANTED—The address of comrades who knew Frank Hull, late private, Co. C. 197th N. Y. Vol. Inf.: enlisted at Elmira, Address L. S. Hull, Memorial University, Mason City, Iowa.

WANTED—Information of the where-abouts of Johnston E. Jeffries, born and raised in New Richmond, O. who left Cin-cinnati, O., during the year of 1881. Address Geo. W. Jeffries, Branch Hill, O.

WANTED—The addresses of officers or privates who served in Co. C. 5th U. S. Cav., in the years of 1866 to 1869. Address Mrs. Catherine Donahue, widow of Pete Donahue, 3024 E. 19th St., Kausas City, Mo.

Address Dr. F. G. KINSMAN Box 976 Augusta . . Main PICKET SHOTS Pickett's Mill. B. A. Dunn, 9th Ind., Waukegan, Ill.

Charles Zabel objects to the New

J. A. Bryan, 6th Pa. Cav., Mononga Pennsylvania bill is, however, wrong in erans were too young to enlist in the army before that time, and it sets up

The 67th Pa.